



URANIUM The Largest U.S. Producer

VANADIUM The Only Primary Producer in North America

Energy Fuels Inc.
NYSE American: **UUUU**
TSX: **EFR**
July 2019

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- Please carefully review important information about this presentation
 - Forward looking statements, page 23
 - Notice regarding technical disclosure, page 24
 - Cautionary statements for US investors concerning mineral resources, page 25

ENERGY FUELS – INVESTMENT THEMES

#1 Uranium Producer in the U.S.

1 *Leading production portfolio to capitalize on recovery faster – and on a greater scale – than peers*

#1 Vanadium Producer in the U.S.

2 *Resumed V_2O_5 production in Q4-2018; 2.5 to 4 million lbs. recoverable in 2019 – 2021*

Uranium & Vanadium Poised for Growth

3 *Nuclear energy growing at fastest rate in 25 years; Vanadium fundamentals strong*

President Trump Creates U.S. Nuclear Fuel Working Group

4 *Providing recommendations to revitalize U.S. nuclear fuel industry, including uranium mining*

Alternate Feed Materials, Land Cleanup, & Copper Recovery

5 *Diversified business opportunities with potential to drive significant future cash flow*

Strong Cash, Working Capital and Inventory Positions

6 *\$32.8M of cash; \$47.3M of working capital; inventory of 470,000 lbs. U_3O_8 & 270,000 lbs. V_2O_5*

92

U

Uranium
238.03

23

V

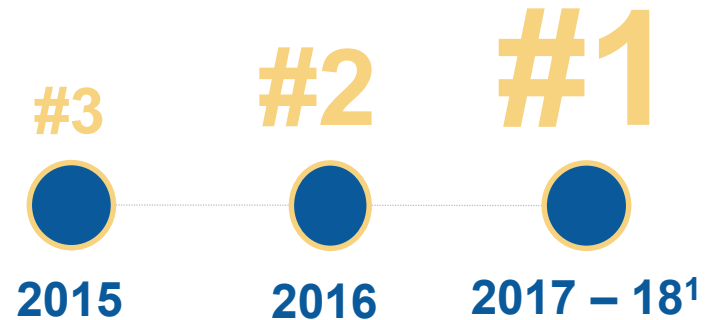
Vanadium
50.94

MARKET-LEADING URANIUM & VANADIUM PORTFOLIO

ALL IN THE U.S.

- Track record of sustained market leadership
- Unmatched ability to increase uranium production as prices rise
- The only U.S. uranium supplier with both conventional & in-situ recovery (ISR)
 - White Mesa Mill (Utah): The only licensed, permitted & operating conventional uranium and vanadium mill in the U.S.
 - Nichols Ranch ISR Facility (Wyoming): Licensed, permitted, and operating ISR uranium production
 - Alta Mesa ISR Facility (Texas): Licensed, permitted, and constructed ISR uranium facility on standby
- **Currently the only primary vanadium producer in the U.S.**

Energy Fuels' Uranium Production Rank in U.S.

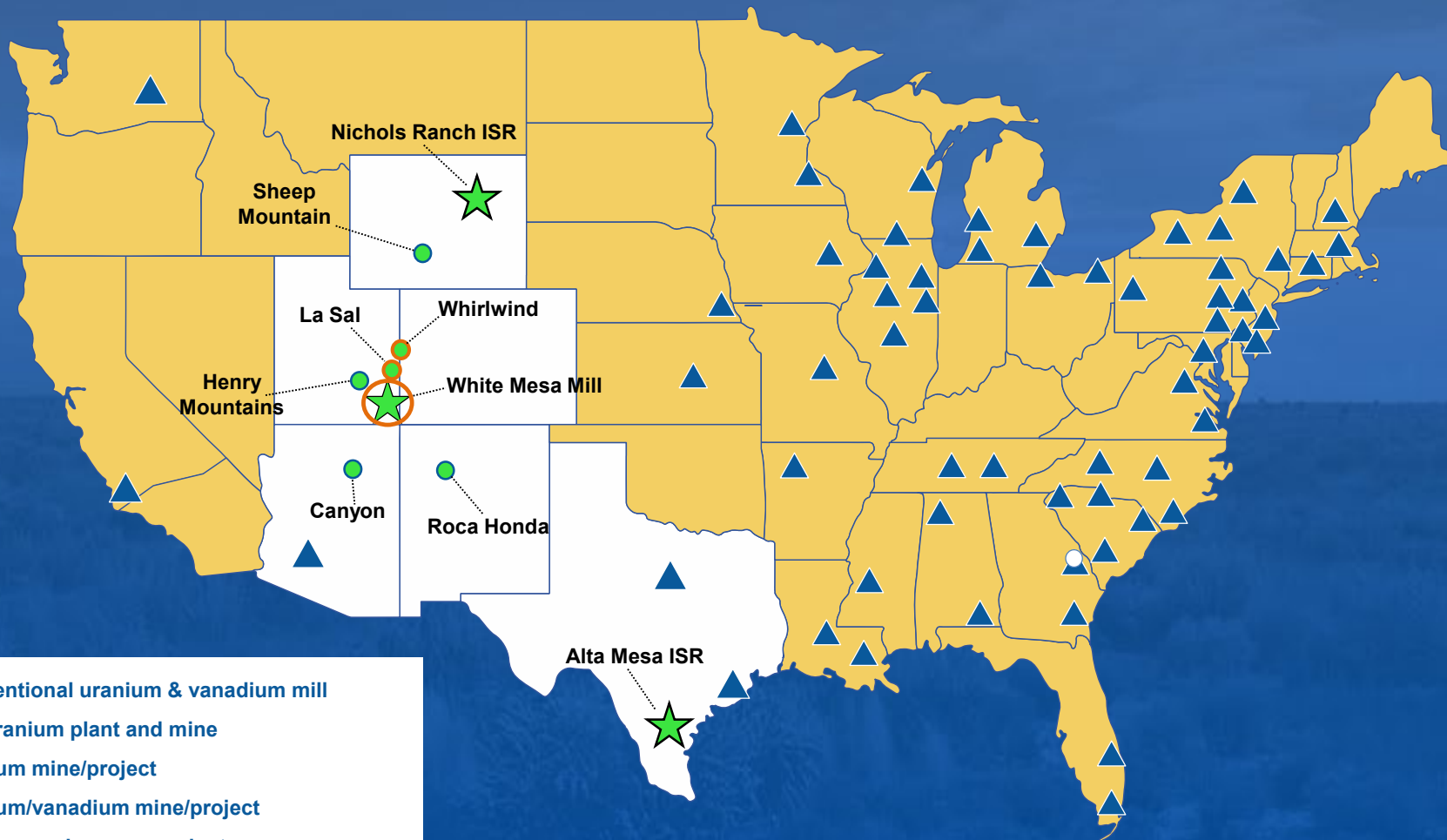


Vanadium Blackflake Produced at White Mesa Mill

¹Based on Company estimate of U.S. production in 2018

STRATEGIC URANIUM PRODUCTION ASSETS IN U.S.

THE U.S. IS THE WORLD'S BIGGEST NUCLEAR MARKET



- Conventional uranium & vanadium mill
- ISR uranium plant and mine
- Uranium mine/project
- Uranium/vanadium mine/project
- Existing nuclear power plant
- Nuclear power plant under construction

“THE ENERGY FUELS ADVANTAGE”

ASSETS NOW IN PRODUCTION & ON STANDBY

- Assets that can ramp-up production much more quickly than unpermitted or undeveloped projects
- What is an asset on “Standby”?
 - Fully licensed & permitted
 - Substantially developed & constructed
 - On care & maintenance
 - Most are able to ramp-up to full production within 12 – 18 months



In Production



On Standby



Unpermitted – Undeveloped

5-10+ years

*Typical time to
license & permit a
new uranium mine
or processing
facility in the U.S.*

In the U.S., licenses, permits, and public acceptance are just as important as technical & economic feasibility

UNMATCHED FLEXIBILITY TO INCREASE URANIUM PRODUCTION

MINE or PRODUCTION FACILITY	STATUS	MAX. ANNUAL PRODUCTION SINCE 2005 (Lbs. U ₃ O ₈) ¹	AVERAGE ANNUAL FUTURE PRODUCTION (PFS/PEA; Lbs. U ₃ O ₈) ²	M&I RESOURCES (M Lbs.) ³	INFERRED RESOURCES (Lbs.) ³	OTHER RECOVERABLE MINERALS
IN PRODUCTION⁴						
Nichols Ranch ISR	Permitted, Developed & Operating	335,000	630,000	7.2 ⁷	1.1 ⁷	---
White Mesa Mill	Permitted, Developed & Operating	1,270,000	--	n/a	n/a	Vanadium/Copper
La Sal Complex	Permitted, Developed & Test Mining	470,000	--	4.1	0.4	Vanadium
ON STANDBY⁵						
Alta Mesa ISR	Permitted & Substantially Developed	1,100,000	--	3.6	16.8	---
Canyon Mine	Permitted & Substantially Developed	--	--	2.4	0.2	Copper
Whirlwind Mine	Permitted & Substantially Developed	--	--	1.0	2.0	Vanadium
Tony M Mine	Permitted & Substantially Developed	260,000	--	8.1	2.8	---
Daneros Mine	Permitted & Substantially Developed	270,000	--	0.1	0.1	---
LONG-TERM, LARGE-SCALE MINES⁶						
Roca Honda	Advanced Permitting	--	2,700,000	14.6	11.2	---
Sheep Mountain	Mine Permitted	--	1,500,000	30.3	--	---
Bullfrog	Pre-Permitting	--	--	4.7	5.3	---

PRODUCTION FACILITY: ■ Nichols Ranch ISR Plant ■ Alta Mesa ISR Plant ■ White Mesa Mill ■ Heap Leach Facility (To be Permitted)

1. Maximum actual U₃O₈ production achieved since 2005; Figures rounded to nearest 10,000; Past figures not necessarily representative of future results.
 2. PEA or PFS estimates; if there is no figure, there is no PFS or PEA to support a production estimate; Figures rounded to nearest 10,000.
 3. All NI 43-101 compliant resources. Please see resource table on page 27 for further information on pounds, resource classification, grade and tonnage.
 4. "In Production" means a facility that is currently in production and would generally be expected to be able to ramp-up to full production within 6-12 months
 5. "On Standby" means a mine or facility that would generally be expected to be able to ramp-up to full production within 12-18 months.
 6. "Permitting" means a mine or facility that would generally be expected to be able to be in full production within 5-7 years.
 7. The total Nichols Ranch ISR Project resources include the Nichols Ranch, Jane Dough, and Hank resources, as described on Slide 26

NICHOLS RANCH ISR FACILITY

FULLY LICENSED, CONSTRUCTED, AND IN PRODUCTION

140,000 lbs.

2018 U₃O₈ production

2M lbs.

Annual licensed capacity

9



Wellfields now in production



- Producing today
- Ready to increase production within 6 months of “GO” decision
- 34 fully-permitted, undeveloped wellfields w/ significant in-ground resources provide long-term production profile



ALTA MESA ISR FACILITY

FULLY-PERMITTED, CONSTRUCTED, AND READY TO RESUME PRODUCTION

4.6M lbs.

U₃O₈ Produced 2005 – 2013

1.5M lbs.

Annual licensed capacity

200,000

Total project area (acres)

- On standby today
- Ready to resume production within 12 months of “GO” decision
- Significant in-ground uranium resources
- Planned 2019 drill program has potential to significantly expand resources



WHITE MESA MILL

THE ONLY CONVENTIONAL URANIUM & VANADIUM MILL IN THE U.S.

493,000 lbs.

2018 U₃O₈ Production

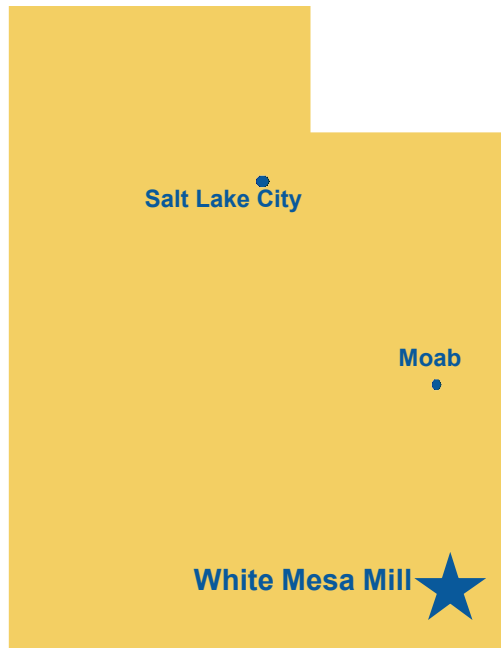
424,000 lbs.

U₃O₈ Processed for 3rd Party in 2018

8M+ lbs.

Annual licensed capacity

- Uranium
 - In production today
 - The largest uranium production facility in the U.S.
- Vanadium
 - In production today
 - Separate vanadium circuit; very high-purity product
 - Significant past V₂O₅ production
- Other Business Opportunities
 - Alternate feed materials and land cleanup work
 - 3rd party toll milling (no agreements in place at this time)



CANYON MINE

FULLY-PERMITTED, CONSTRUCTED, AND READY TO ENTER PRODUCTION



- High-grade uranium + copper
- Surface development + main shaft complete
- Very low “all-in” cost of production
- Process resources at White Mesa Mill



Production Ready:

The highest-grade uranium mine in the U.S.

2017 Resource Estimate:

- **2.4M lbs. of Uranium – 0.9% U_3O_8 ⁽¹⁾**
- **11.9M lbs. of Copper – 5.9% Cu⁽¹⁾**

¹ Please refer to page 26 for more information on grade, tonnage, and resource classification

ADDITIONAL MINES

OFFERING NEAR-TERM PRODUCTION & LONG-TERM SCALABILITY

La Sal Complex/Beaver Shaft
Uranium + Vanadium



Whirlwind Mine
Uranium + Vanadium



- La Sal Complex
 - Test mining & evaluation program ongoing
- Fully-permitted & developed mines on standby
 - Daneros (Utah)
 - Whirlwind (Utah/Colorado)
 - Henry Mountains – Tony M Mine (Utah)¹
- Future large-scale mines
 - Roca Honda (New Mexico)
 - Henry Mountains – Bullfrog (Utah)¹
- Fully-permitted large-scale mine
 - Sheep Mountain (Wyoming)

Vanadium

La Sal, Whirlwind, and other mines have significant high-grade vanadium resources – all near the White Mesa Mill

FEB. 12, 2019: “ENERGY FUELS PRODUCING VANADIUM AT COMMERCIAL LEVELS; VANADIUM SHIIPMENTS COMMENCED”

2.5 – 4M lbs.

Expected V_2O_5 production – 2019 to 2021¹

WHITE MESA MILL

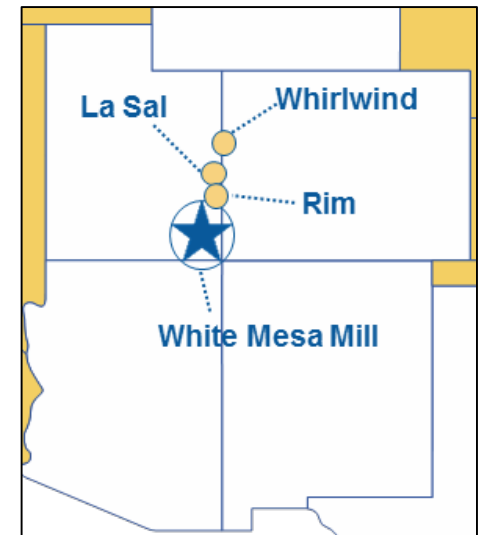
- The only conventional vanadium mill in North America
- Separate vanadium recovery circuit
- 2.5 – 4.0 million lbs. of recoverable, dissolved V_2O_5 in pond solutions
- 160k – 200k lbs. of V_2O_5 production per month¹
- Flexibility to quickly turn production on and off in response to market conditions

32M lbs.

Energy Fuels’ in-ground vanadium resources²

VANADIUM MINES

- Licensed/Permitted
- Developed
- Past Producing
- Test mining campaign for high-grade V_2O_5 at La Sal Complex



La Sal Complex has produced more V_2O_5 than any other mine in the U.S. since 2008

¹ Subject to market conditions, recoveries, and costs

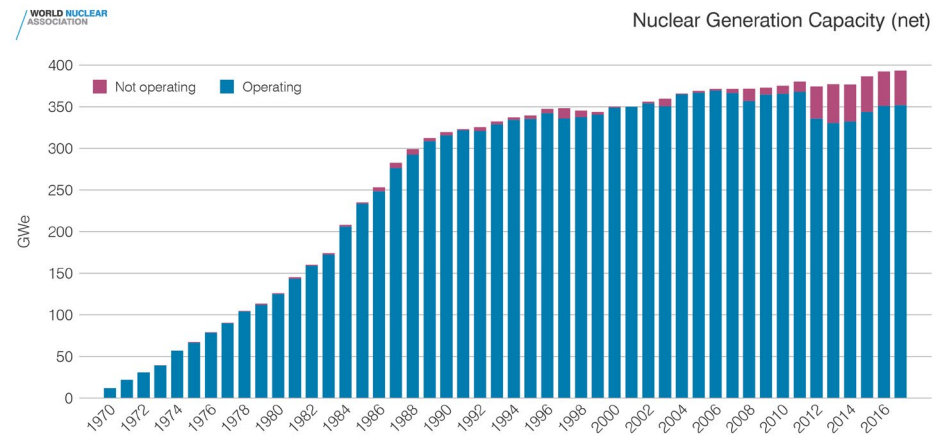
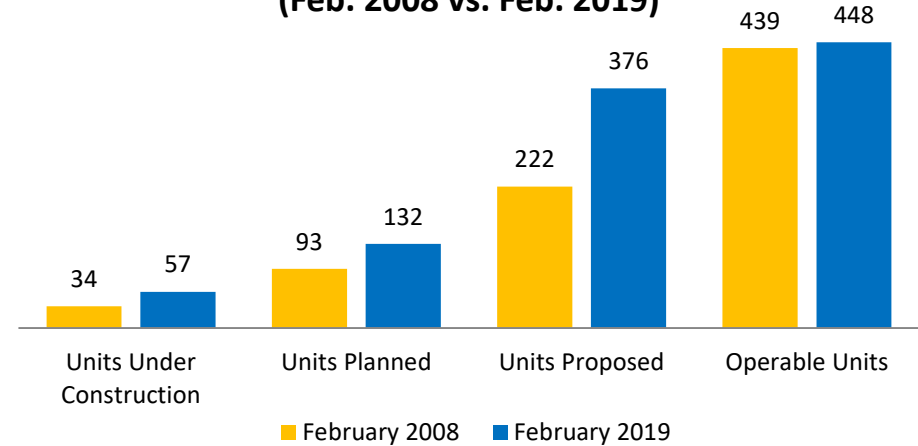
² Measured & Indicated; Please refer to page 26 for more information on grade, tonnage, and resource classification; the 32M lbs. does not include the 2.5 – 4M lbs. estimated by the Company to be recoverable from the pond solutions at White Mesa

NUCLEAR ENERGY IS GROWING

ALL FUELED BY URANIUM

- Global energy demand growing – clean energy demand growing faster
- Nuclear is the best clean energy
 - Operates 24/7
 - Reliable
 - High capacity factors
 - Grid stability
 - Proven
 - Zero carbon + zero air pollution
- Nuclear provides 20% of all electricity – and 55% of all clean energy – in U.S.¹

World Nuclear Association Data
(Feb. 2008 vs. Feb. 2019)



Source: World Nuclear Association, IAEA PRIS

¹ Nuclear Energy Institute; 2018 data

LOW PRICES CREATING SIGNIFICANT SUPPLY RISKS

PRODUCTION CUTS

Kazakhstan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Production cuts announced for 2018 – 2020 (~29M lbs. total¹)
Canada	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> McArthur River (Cameco) suspended indefinitely starting in 2018 (~18M lb./yr) Rabbit Lake (Cameco) suspended indefinitely starting in 2016 (~4M lbs/yr)
Namibia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Langer-Heinrich (Paladin) suspended indefinitely starting in 2018 (~5M lbs/yr¹) Rio Tinto selling Rossing to Chinese state-owned entity (~4M lbs/yr²) Husab – a majority-owned Chinese mine – not meeting production targets
Australia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ranger (Rio Tinto) halting all production in 2021 (~6M lbs/yr³)
Niger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Orano’s Somair and Cominak mines reducing production (~1.5M lbs/yr¹)
Spain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Berkeley’s Salamanca Project having licensing issues (~4.4M lbs/yr⁴)
U.S	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uranium production at its lowest levels since the late 1940’s⁴

When utility demand returns to the market, history indicates that production will lag

¹ World Nuclear Association

² Based on 5-year average production for 2013-2017; data from World Nuclear Association

³ October 16, 2018 article in Reuters; TradeTech estimated production by 2021

⁴ Energy Information Administration

POSITIVE MARKET DEVELOPMENTS

GLOBALLY

County-Specific News

China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aggressive nuclear construction program • Goal of 58 GWe capacity installed + 30 GWe under construction by 2020
Japan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 9 reactors restarted • 15 reactors approved for restart or under review • Reaffirming goal of 20% - 22% nuclear by 2030
France	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintaining high share of nuclear energy

Other Positive Developments

Significant Uranium Purchases by Financial Entities & Producers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yellowcake plc (Purchased 8.4M Lbs. in 2018) • Cameco (Purchasing up to 15M lbs. in 2018-2019³) • Uranium Trading Corporation \$57.5M IPO⁴ • Purchasing by Uranium Participation Corp.
Near-Term Uncovered Utility Demand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 485M lbs. for 2018 - 2025

¹ Includes January 2018 exchange of conversion components for U₃O₈

² TradeTech Uranium Market Study, 2018: Issue 2

³ July 25, 2018 Cameco news release

⁴ Of which significant portions will be used to buy physical uranium and uranium products

POSITIVE DEVELOPMENTS

U.S. URANIUM MARKET

- Trump Administration supportive of nuclear energy and domestic mining
- State legislation supporting nuclear has passed in Illinois, New York, Connecticut, and New Jersey
- Two new reactors in Georgia being constructed
- DOE halting uranium sales for FY-2019
- U.S. Department of Interior (“DOI”) declared uranium and vanadium ‘critical minerals’
- Trump Administration recognizes importance of domestic uranium mining to U.S. national security

TRUMP CREATES U.S. NUCLEAR FUEL WORKING GROUP

JULY 12, 2019 PRESIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM

- Purpose: Develop recommendations to **revive & expand** domestic nuclear fuel production, including uranium mining
- Working Group to submit recommendations to President by ~Oct. 10, 2019
- Result of Energy Fuels' Section 232 Petition
- Energy Fuels to continue aggressive Administration outreach

Quotes from Memorandum: Trump Understands Critical Role of Uranium

"The United States uranium industry faces significant challenges ... this is an issue of national security."

"[s]ignificant concerns regarding the impact of uranium imports on [U.S.] national security with respect to domestic mining,"



"[R]einvigorate the entire nuclear fuel supply chain, consistent with United States national security and nonproliferation goals."

Nuclear fuel production is critical to a vibrant nuclear energy sector"

ENERGY FUELS' STRONG COMPETITIVE POSITIONING

PROVEN TRACK RECORD OF PRODUCTION & SALES

North American Uranium Space – As of July 19, 2019

	MARKET CAP (US\$MM)	M&I (MM LBS.) ⁽¹⁾	INFERRED (MM LBS.) ⁽¹⁾	MKT. CAP PER LB. M&I (US\$MM)	WORKING CAPITAL (US\$MM) ⁽²⁾	CURRENT COMMERCIAL-SCALE PRODUCTION		VANADIUM PRODUCTION	ALTERNATE FEED PRODUCTION
						ISR	CONVENTIONAL		
Cameco	\$4,054	883	190	\$4.59	\$960	✓	✓	✗	✗
NexGen	\$584 ⁽³⁾	180	122	\$3.24	\$72 ⁽³⁾	✗	✗	✗	✗
Denison	\$280	109	8	\$2.57	\$11 ⁽³⁾	✗ ⁽⁶⁾	✗	✗	✗
UEC	\$192	58	45	\$3.30	\$22	✗	✗	✗	✗
Energy Fuels	\$185	81	49	\$2.28	\$47	✓	✓	✓	✓
Fission	\$160 ⁽³⁾	88	53	\$1.82	\$15 ⁽³⁾	✗	✗	✗	✗
Ur-Energy	\$99	22	6	\$4.50	\$2	✓	✗	✗	✗
Peninsula	\$34 ⁽⁴⁾	40 ⁽⁵⁾	72 ⁽⁵⁾	\$0.85	\$8	✓	✗	✗	✗

¹ See Slide 26 for tons, grade and resource classification for Energy Fuels

² For most recently reported period; March 31, 2019 for Energy Fuels

³ Cdn\$1 = US\$0.76

⁴ Au\$ = US\$0.70

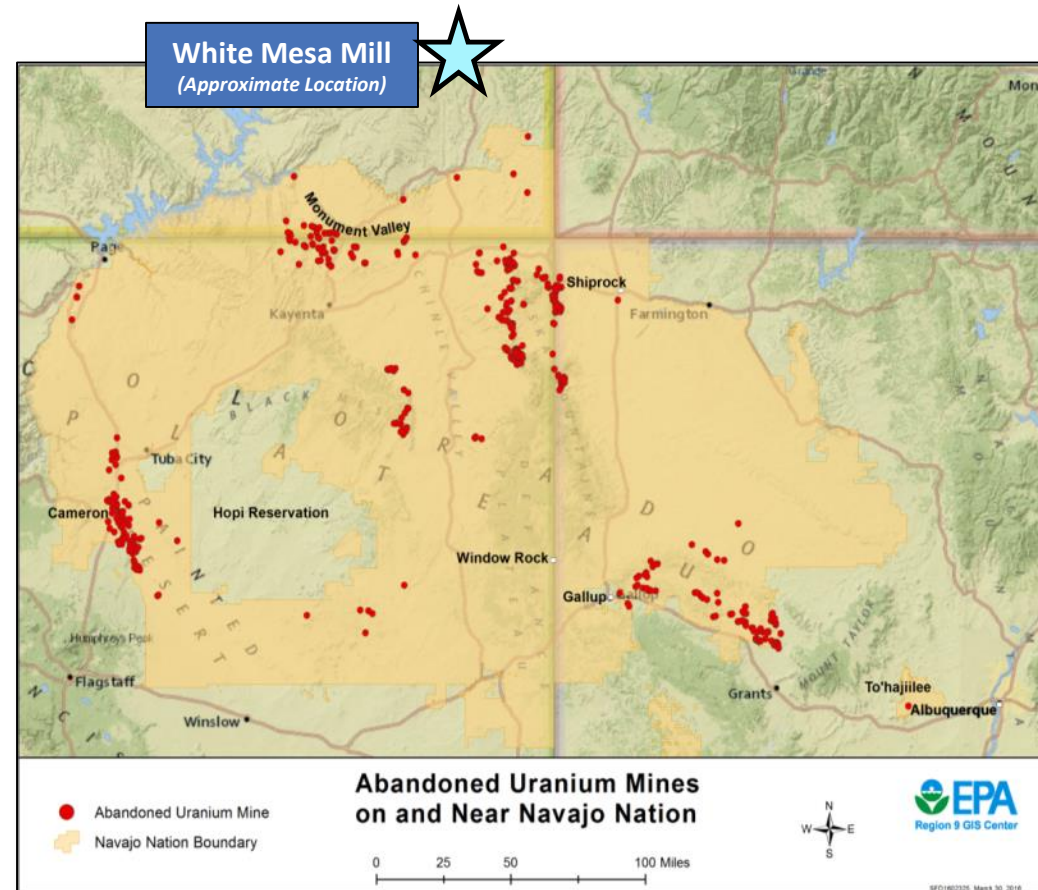
⁵ In accordance with JORC; not NI 43-101 compliant

⁶ Does not include minority share of production of operating McClean Lake Mill

OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN GOVERNMENT CLEANUP

ABANDONED URANIUM MINES

- Potential to participate in cleanup of Cold War era uranium sites
 - U.S. government holds \$1.7 billion to clean-up mines on Navajo Nation¹
 - Other companies have legacy cleanup obligations
 - Energy Fuels' White Mesa Mill is well positioned:
 - Within close trucking distance
 - Fully-permitted to handle material
 - Only facility in the U.S. that can recycle material into usable uranium



FOCUSED ON MAINTAINING FINANCIAL FLEXIBILITY

\$47.3M

WORKING CAPITAL¹

\$32.8M

CASH & SECURITIES¹

430,000

LBS. URANIUM INVENTORY¹

270,000

LBS. VANADIUM INVENTORY¹

- **Limited Debt:**
 - Paid off Wyoming Industrial Bond in September 2018
 - US\$16 million of total remaining long-term debt
- **Market Position:**

– Share Price (July 19, 2019) ²	US\$1.97
– 52-Week Range ²	US\$1.82 – \$4.09
– Average Daily Volume ³	1.7 million shares
– Shares Outstanding ¹	94.8 million

¹ Quarter-ended March 31, 2019

² NYSE American

³ NYSE American + TSX; 3-month average Yahoo Finance

ENERGY FUELS

#1 IN U.S. URANIUM + VANADIUM PRODUCTION

- Unmatched ability to increase low cost uranium production more quickly – and to a greater scale – than any other company in the U.S.
- More uranium production facilities, more resources, and more capacity than any other company in the U.S.
- Energy Fuels is now the only primary vanadium producer in North America
- Strong cash and working capital position (\$47M); limited debt (\$16M)
- Alternate feed material, land cleanup, and copper opportunities provide additional upside

U.S. Nuclear Fuel Working Group

Potential for Revitalization of the U.S. Uranium Industry

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain of the information contained in this presentation constitutes "forward-looking information" (as defined in the Securities Act (Ontario)) and "forward-looking statements" (as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) that are based on expectations, estimates and projections of management of Energy Fuels Inc. ("Energy Fuels") as of today's date. Such forward-looking information and forward-looking statements include but are not limited to: the business strategy for Energy Fuels; Energy Fuels expectations with regard to current and future uranium and vanadium market conditions; the uranium industry's ability to respond to higher demand; the impacts of recent market developments; business plans; outlook; objectives; expectations as to the prices of U_3O_8 , V_2O_5 , and Cu; expectations as to reserves, resources, results of exploration and related expenses; estimated future production and costs; changes in project parameters; the expected permitting and production time lines; the Company's belief that it has significant production growth potential and unmatched flexibility to scale-up production; the potential for additional business opportunities including vanadium, copper, alternate feed materials, and the cleanup of historic mines on the Navajo Nation and in the Four Corners Region of the U.S.; the potential for optimizing mining and processing; the Company's belief in its readiness to capitalize on improving markets; global uranium supply risks; and expected worldwide uranium supply and demand fundamentals.

All statements contained herein which are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information and forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause such differences, without limiting the generality of the foregoing include: risks that the synergies and effects on value described herein may not be achieved; risks inherent in exploration, development and production activities; volatility in market prices for uranium and vanadium; the impact of the sales volume of uranium and vanadium; the ability to sustain production from mines and the mill; competition; the impact of change in foreign currency exchange; imprecision in mineral resource and reserve estimates; environmental and safety risks including increased regulatory burdens; changes to reclamation requirements; unexpected geological or hydrological conditions; a possible deterioration in political support for nuclear energy; changes in government regulations and policies, including trade laws and policies; demand for nuclear power; replacement of production and failure to obtain necessary permits and approvals from government authorities; weather and other natural phenomena; ability to maintain and further improve positive labour relations; operating performance of the facilities; success of planned development projects; and other development and operating risks. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. Although Energy Fuels believes that the assumptions inherent in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on these statements, which only apply as of the date of this presentation. Energy Fuels does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking information or forward looking statements after the date of this presentation to conform such information to actual results or to changes in Energy Fuels' expectations except as otherwise required by applicable legislation.

Additional information about the material factors or assumptions on which forward looking information is based or the material risk factors that may affect results is contained under "Risk Factors" in Energy Fuels' annual report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2018. These documents are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

NOTICE REGARDING TECHNICAL DISCLOSURE

All of the technical information in this presentation concerning Energy Fuels' properties was prepared in accordance with the Canadian regulatory requirements set out in National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects of the Canadian Securities Administrators ("NI 43-101"). The technical information on each of the properties which are currently material to Energy Fuels is based on independent technical reports prepared in accordance with NI 43-101, as detailed below.

The following technical reports are available for viewing at www.sedar.com under Energy Fuels' SEDAR profile: Technical information regarding Energy Fuels' Colorado Plateau properties is based on the following technical reports: (i) "Technical Report on the Henry Mountains Complex Uranium Property, Utah, U.S.A." dated June 27, 2012 authored by William E. Roscoe, Ph.D., P.Eng., Douglas H. Underhill, Ph.D., C.P.G., and Thomas C. Pool, P.E. of Roscoe Postle Associates Inc.; (ii) "Updated Report on The Daneros Mine Project, San Juan County, Utah, U.S.A." dated March 2, 2018 authored by Douglas C. Peters, C.P.G., of Peters Geosciences; (iii) "Updated Technical Report on Sage Plain Project (Including the Calliham Mine), San Juan County, Utah, USA" dated March 18, 2015 authored by Douglas C. Peters, C.P.G., of Peters Geosciences; (iv) "Updated Technical Report on Energy Fuels Resources Corporation's Whirlwind Property (Including Whirlwind, Far West, and Crosswind Claim Groups and Utah State Metalliferous Minerals Lease ML-49312), Mesa County, Colorado and Grand County, Utah" dated March 15, 2011 authored by Douglas C. Peters, C.P.G., of Peters Geosciences. Technical information regarding Energy Fuels' Arizona Strip properties is based on the following technical reports: (i) "Technical Report on the Arizona Strip Uranium Project, Arizona, U.S.A." dated June 27, 2012 and authored by Thomas C. Pool, P.E. and David A. Ross, M.Sc., P.Geo. of Roscoe Postle Associates Inc.; (ii) "Technical Report on the EZ1 and EZ2 Breccia Pipes, Arizona Strip District, U.S.A." dated June 27, 2012 and authored by David A. Ross, M.Sc., P.Geo. and Christopher Moreton, Ph.D., P.Geo., of Roscoe Postle Associates Inc.; (iii) "NI 43-101 Technical Report on Resources Waste Uranium Breccia Pipe – Northern Arizona, USA" dated March 10, 2015 and authored by Allan Moran, CPG AIPG and Frank A. Daviess, MAusIM, RM SME of SRK Consulting (US), Inc.; and (iv) "Technical Report on the Canyon Mine, Coconino County, Arizona, U.S.A." dated October 6, 2017, and authored by Mark B. Mathisen, C.P.G., Valerie Wilson, M.Sc., P.Geo., and Jeffrey L. Woods, QP MMSA of Roscoe Postle Associates. The technical information in this presentation regarding the Sheep Mountain Project is based on the technical report entitled "Sheep Mountain Uranium Project Fremont County, Wyoming USA – Updated Preliminary Feasibility Study – National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report" dated April 13, 2012 authored by Douglas L. Beahm P.E., P.G. The technical information in this presentation regarding the Roca Honda Project is based on the technical report entitled "Technical Report on the Roca Honda Project, McKinley County, New Mexico, U.S.A." dated October 27, 2016 authored by Robert Michaud, P.Eng; Stuart E. Collins, P.E.; Mark B. Mathisen, CPG, of RPA (USA) Ltd. and Harold R. Roberts, P.E. and COO of Energy Fuels. The technical information in this presentation regarding the La Sal project is based on a technical report entitled "Technical Report on La Sal District Project (Including the Pandora, Beaver and Energy Queen Projects), San Juan County, Utah, U.S.A." dated March 26, 2014 authored by Douglas C. Peters, CPG. The technical information in this presentation regarding the Alta Mesa ISR Project is based on a technical report entitled "Alta Mesa Uranium Project, Alta Mesa and Mesteña Grande Mineral Resources and Exploration Target, Technical Report National Instrument 43-101", dated July 19, 2016 authored by Douglas L. Beahm, P.E., P.G. of BRS Engineering.

The following technical reports are available for viewing at www.sedar.com under Uranerz' SEDAR profile: The technical information in this presentation regarding the Nichols Ranch, Jane Dough, and Hank properties is based on the technical report entitled "Nichols Ranch Uranium Project 43-101 Technical Report – Preliminary Economic Assessment - Campbell and Johnson Counties, Wyoming" dated February 25, 2015" authored by Douglas L. Beahm, P.E., P.G. of BRS and Paul Goranson, P.E. of Uranerz Energy Corporation. The technical information in this presentation regarding the Reno Creek Property is based on the technical report entitled "Reno Creek Property: "Technical Report - Reno Creek Property- Campbell County, Wyoming, U.S.A." dated October 13, 2010" authored by Douglass H. Graves, P.E. of TREC, Inc. The technical information in this presentation regarding Uranerz' West North Butte Properties is based on the technical report entitled "West North Butte Properties: "Technical Report - West North Butte Satellite Properties - Campbell County, Wyoming, U.S.A." dated December 9, 2008" Douglass H. Graves, P.E. of TREC, Inc. The technical information in this presentation regarding Uranerz' North Rolling Pin Property is based on the technical report entitled "North Rolling Pin Property: "Technical Report - North Rolling Pin Property - Campbell County, Wyoming, U.S.A." dated June 4, 2010" authored by Douglass H. Graves, P.E. of TREC, Inc.

Daniel Kapostast, P.G., is a Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101 and has reviewed and approved the technical disclosure contained in this document.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS FOR US INVESTORS CONCERNING MINERAL RESOURCES

This presentation may use the terms "Measured", "Indicated" and "Inferred" Resources. U.S. investors are advised that, while such terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") does not recognize them. "Inferred Resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and great uncertainty as to their economic feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an Inferred Resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of Inferred Resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies. U.S. investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of Measured or Indicated Mineral Resources will ever be converted into Mineral Reserves. Accordingly, U.S. investors are advised that information regarding Mineral Resources contained in this presentation may not be comparable to similar information made public by United States companies.

Mineral resources disclosed in this presentation and in the NI 43-101 technical reports referenced herein have been estimated in accordance with the definition standards on mineral resources and mineral reserves of the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum referred to in National Instrument 43-101, commonly referred to as "NI 43-101". The NI 43-101 technical reports may include estimations of potential mineral resources for further targeted exploration by Energy Fuels, disclosed pursuant to the applicable provisions of NI 43-101. The NI 43-101 technical reports referenced herein are a requirement of NI 43-101 and includes estimations of mineral resources and potential mineral resources for further targeted exploration by the issuer disclosed pursuant to the applicable provisions of NI 43-101. As a company listed on the TSX, Energy Fuels is required by Canadian law to provide disclosure in accordance with NI 43-101. US reporting requirements for disclosure of mineral properties are governed by the SEC and included in the SEC's Securities Act Industry Guide 7 entitled "Description of Property by Issuers Engaged or to be Engaged in Significant Mining Operations" ("Guide 7"). NI 43-101 and Guide 7 standards are substantially different. For example, the terms "mineral reserve", "proven mineral reserve" and "probable mineral reserve" are Canadian mining terms as defined in accordance with NI 43-101. These definitions differ from the definitions in Guide 7. The NI 43-101 technical reports and this presentation use or may use the terms "probable mineral reserve", "mineral resource", "measured mineral resource", "indicated mineral resource", "Inferred mineral resource", "potential uranium exploration target", "potential mineral resource", "potential mineral deposit" and "potential target mineral resource". US Investors are advised that these terms and concepts are set out in and required to be disclosed by NI 43-101 as information material to the issuer; however, these terms and concepts are not recognized by the SEC or included in Guide 7, and these terms and concepts are normally not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements filed with the SEC. US Investors should be aware that Energy Fuels has no "reserves" as defined by Guide 7 and are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of an inferred mineral resource or potential target mineral resources will ever be upgraded to a higher category or confirmed or converted into Guide 7 compliant "reserves". US Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of a potential mineral resource exists, or is economically or legally mineable.

RESOURCE SUMMARY

URANIUM	Measured			Indicated			Inferred		
	Tons ('000)	Grade (% U ₃ O ₈)	Lbs. U ₃ O ₈ ('000)	Tons ('000)	Grade (% U ₃ O ₈)	Lbs. U ₃ O ₈ ('000)	Tons ('000)	Grade (% U ₃ O ₈)	Lbs. U ₃ O ₈ ('000)
Nichols Ranch	641	0.13%	1,694	428	0.13%	1,079	-	-	-
Jane Dough ²	-	-	-	1,533	0.11%	3,567	138	0.11%	309
Hank ²	-	-	-	450	0.10%	855	423	0.10%	803
West North Butte Satellite Properties	-	-	-	926	0.15%	2,837	1,117	0.12%	2,682
North Rolling Pin	310	0.06%	387	272	0.05%	278	39	0.04%	33
Arkose Mining Venture ²	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,667	0.10%	3,293
Wyoming ISR Total	951	0.11%	2,081	3,609	0.12%	8,616	3,384	0.11%	7,120
Alta Mesa ISR Project	123	0.15%	371	1,512	0.11%	3,246	6,964	0.12%	16,794
Henry Mountains Complex	-	-	-	2,410	0.27%	12,805	1,615	0.25%	8,082
Sheep Mountain Project¹	-	-	-	12,895	0.12%	30,285	-	-	-
Roca Honda Project	208	0.48%	1,984	1,303	0.48%	12,580	1,198	0.47%	11,206
Canyon	6	0.43%	56	132	0.90%	2,378	18	0.44%	134
Wate	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	0.79%	1,118
EZ Complex	-	-	-	-	-	-	224	0.47%	2,105
Arizona 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	0.26%	134
Arizona Strip Total	6	0.43%	56	132	0.90%	2,378	339	0.51%	3,491
La Sal Complex	1,010	0.18%	3,732	132	0.14%	367	185	0.10%	361
Whirlwind	-	-	-	169	0.30%	1,003	437	0.23%	2,000
Daneros	-	-	-	20	0.36%	142	7	0.37%	52
Sage Plain	444	.18	1,540	31	0.11%	71	12	0.16%	37
Colorado Plateau Total	1,453	0.18%	5,272	352	0.22%	1,583	641	0.19%	2,450
Total Uranium			9,764			71,493			49,143

VANADIUM	Tons ('000)	Grade (% V ₂ O ₅)	Lbs. V ₂ O ₅ ('000)	Tons ('000)	Grade (% V ₂ O ₅)	Lbs. V ₂ O ₅ ('000)	Tons ('000)	Grade (% V ₂ O ₅)	Lbs. V ₂ O ₅ ('000)
La Sal Complex	1,010	0.97%	19,596	132	0.73%	1,930	185	0.51%	1,902
Other	240	1.32%	6,350	198	0.96%	3,816	447	0.74%	6,600

COPPER	Tons ('000)	Grade (% Cu)	Lbs. Cu ('000)	Tons ('000)	Grade (% Cu)	Lbs. Cu ('000)	Tons ('000)	Grade (% Cu)	Lbs. Cu ('000)
Canyon	6	9.29%	1,203	94	5.70%	10,736	5	5.90%	570

¹ Sheep Mountain Project's 30m lbs. of Indicated Resources includes Probable Mineral Reserves of 18.4 million lbs. of U₃O₈ contained in 7.4 million tons at a grade of 0.123% U₃O₈ in accordance with NI 43-101.

² Figure includes only joint venture share of mineral resources applicable to Energy Fuels.



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EFR | TSX

Energy Fuels Inc.
225 Union Blvd., Suite 600
Lakewood, Colorado 80228 USA

www.energyfuels.com
303-974-2140
info@energyfuels.com